



Overview

KEMET's A780 is a surface mount conductive polymer hybrid capacitor with outstanding electrical performance. The A780 winding is housed in a cylindrical aluminum can with a high-quality rubber deck. Low ESR is conditioned by a highly conductive polymer (PEDOT/PSS). The polymer system creates an electrical pathway between the anodic oxide layer and the cathode through a mechanical separator - paper. The A780 winding is impregnated with liquid electrolyte that translates to the self-healing features of the capacitor. Thanks to its mechanical robustness, the A780 is suitable for use in mobile and automotive installations with operation up to +125°C.

Applications

KEMET's A780 is a series of high-performance surface mount hybrid capacitors. Due to its mechanical robustness, the A780 is suitable for use in mobile and automotive installations with extremely high demands and operation up to +125°C.

Benefits

- Surface mount form factor
- High ripple current for smaller case sizes and higher voltages
- High temperature; 125°C up to 4,000 hours
- Low leakage current
- High vibration resistance up to 30g
- Self-healing behaviours
- Outstanding electrical performance
- AEC-Q200 compliance
- RoHS compliant
- Halogen-Free

Standard



Anti-Vibration



A780, 125°C, Hybrid Polymer V-Chip, AEC-Q200
Surface Mount Hybrid Aluminum Polymer Capacitors

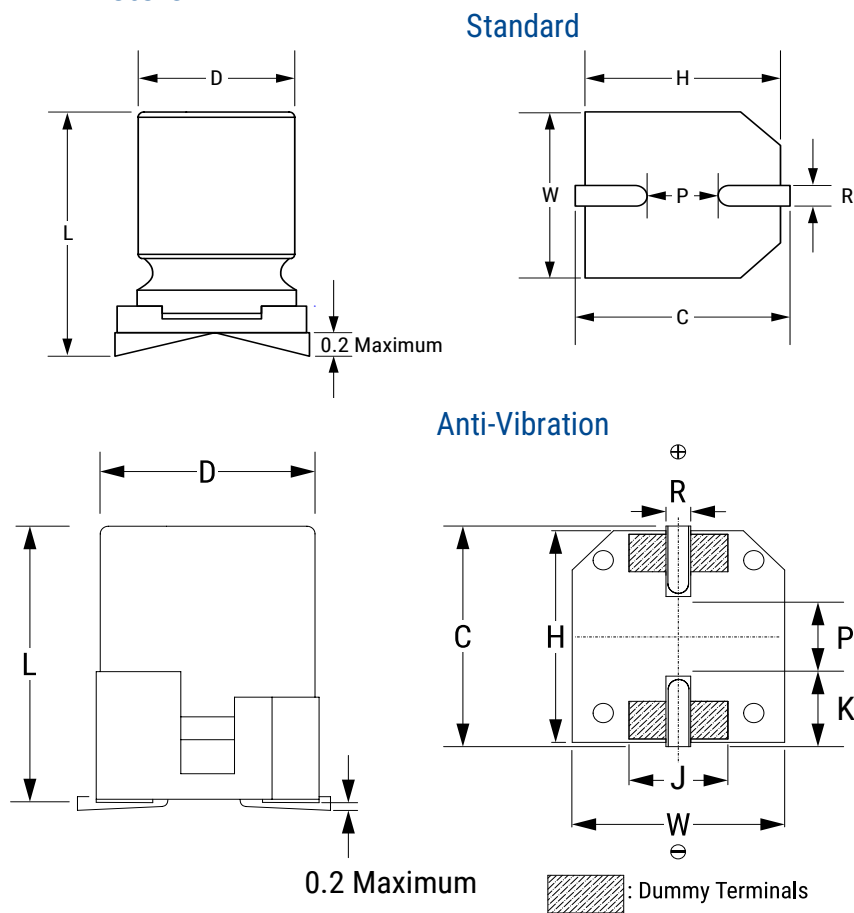
Part Number System

A	780	MS	107	M	1J	LA	S	030
Capacitor Class	Series	Size Code	Capacitance Code (pF)	Tolerance	Rated Voltage (VDC)	Packaging	Electrical Parameters	ESR
A = Aluminum	Surface Mount Hybrid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors 125°C 4,000 hours	See Dimension Table	First two digits represent significant figures for capacitance values. Last digit specifies the number of zeros to be added.	M = ±20%	25 = 1E 35 = 1V 50 = 1H 63 = 1J 80 = 1K	LA = Tape & Reel	S = Automotive V = Automotive +Anti-Vibration	Last 3 digits represent significant figures for ESR values. (mΩ)

Ordering Options Table

Packaging Type	Packaging Code
Standard Packaging Options	
Tape & Reel	LA
Contact KEMET for other Lead and Packaging options	

Dimensions – Millimeters



Size Code	D		L		W		H		C		R	P	J	K
	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	Nominal	Tolerance	Range	Nominal	Nominal	Nominal
BC	5.0	±0.5	6	±0.3	5.3	±0.2	5.3	±0.2	5.9	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	1.4	-	-
BG	5.0	±0.5	6.7	±0.3	5.3	±0.2	5.3	±0.2	5.9	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	1.4	-	-
BM	5.0	±0.5	9	±0.3	5.3	±0.2	5.3	±0.2	5.9	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	1.4	-	-
BN	5.0	±0.5	10	±0.3	5.3	±0.2	5.3	±0.2	5.9	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	1.4	-	-
EB	6.3	±0.5	5.7	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	2	-	-
EB (Anti-Vibration)	6.3	±0.5	5.9	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	2	2.8	2.6
EK	6.3	±0.5	7.7	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	2	-	-
EK (Anti-Vibration)	6.3	±0.5	7.9	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	2	2.8	2.6
EN	6.3	±0.5	9.7	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	2	-	-
EN (Anti-Vibration)	6.3	±0.5	9.9	±0.3	6.6	±0.2	6.6	±0.2	7.3	±0.2	0.5 – 0.8	2	2.8	2.6
KN	8.0	±0.5	9.7	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.3	±0.2	9.0	±0.2	0.8 – 1.1	3.1	-	-
KN (Anti-Vibration)	8.0	±0.5	9.9	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.8	±0.2	9.2	±0.2	0.7 – 1.1	3.1	4	3
KS	8.0	±0.5	12.2	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.3	±0.2	9.0	±0.2	0.8 – 1.1	3.1	-	-
KS (Anti-Vibration)	8.0	±0.5	12.4	±0.3	8.3	±0.2	8.8	±0.2	9.2	±0.2	0.7 – 1.1	3.1	4	3
MN	10.0	±0.5	10.2	±0.3	10.3	±0.2	10.3	±0.2	11.0	±0.2	0.8 – 1.1	4.6	-	-
MN (Anti-Vibration)	10.0	±0.5	10.4	±0.3	10.3	±0.2	10.8	±0.2	11.2	±0.2	0.7 – 1.1	4.6	4.4	3.2
MS	10.0	±0.5	12.2	±0.5	10.3	±0.2	10.3	±0.2	11.0	±0.2	0.8 – 1.1	4.6	-	-
MS (Anti-Vibration)	10.0	±0.5	12.4	±0.5	10.3	±0.2	10.8	±0.2	11.2	±0.2	0.7 – 1.1	4.6	4.4	3.2

Environmental Compliance



As an environmentally conscious company, KEMET is working continuously with improvements concerning the environmental effects of both our capacitors and their production. In Europe (RoHS Directive) and in some other geographical areas like China, legislation has been put in place to prevent the use of some hazardous materials, such as lead (Pb), in electronic equipment. All products in this catalogue are produced to help our customers’ obligations to guarantee their products and fulfil these legislative requirements. The only material of concern in our products has been lead (Pb), which has been removed from all designs to fulfil the requirement of containing less than 0.1% of lead in any homogeneous material. KEMET will closely follow any changes in legislation worldwide and makes any necessary changes in its products, whenever needed. Some customer segments such as medical, military and automotive electronics may still require the use of lead in electrode coatings. To clarify the situation and distinguish products from each other, a special symbol is used on the packaging labels for RoHS compatible capacitors.

Due to customer requirements, there may appear additional markings such as LF = Lead-free or LFW = Lead-free wires on the label.

Performance Characteristics

Item	Performance Characteristics
Capacitance Range	10 – 560 µf
Rated Voltage	25 – 80 VDC
Operating Temperature	-55°C to +125°C
Capacitance Tolerance	±20% at 120 Hz/20°C
Life Test	4,000 hours at rated temperature (See conditions in Test Method and Performance)
Leakage Current	I = 0.01 CV C = Rated capacitance (µF), V = Rated voltage (VDC), Voltage applied for 2 minutes at 20°C.

Compensation Factor of Ripple Current (RC) vs. Frequency

Frequency correction factor for permissible ripple current should be calculated following $I_{AC, f} / I_{AC, 100\text{ kHz}}$:

Rated Voltage (V)	Frequency	100 Hz	200 Hz	500 Hz	1 kHz	5 kHz	10 kHz	50 kHz	100 kHz
25 and 35	Coefficient	0.40	0.50	0.60	0.67	0.79	0.84	0.97	1.00
50 and 80		0.22	0.31	0.42	0.55	0.75	0.82	0.94	1.00

Test Method & Performance

Conditions	Endurance Life Test	High Temperature Storage Test
Temperature	+125°C	+125°C
Test Duration	4,000 hours	1,000 hours
Ripple Current	Rated ripple applied	No ripple current applied
Voltage	Rated voltage	No voltage applied
Performance	The following specifications will be satisfied when the capacitor is restored to 20°C.	
Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 30\%$ of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 200% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 200% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed the specified value	Does not exceed the specified value after Voltage treatment (Re-age procedure)
Damp Heat	The following specifications will be satisfied when the capacitor is restored to 20°C after application of rated voltage for 2,000 hours at 85°C, 85% RH.	
Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 200% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 200% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed the specified value	
Surge Voltage (Rated Voltage x 1.15(V))	The following specifications will be satisfied when the capacitor is subjected to 1,000 cycles, each consisting of charge with the surge voltages specified at 125°C for 30 seconds through a protective resistor ($R_c = 1\text{ k}\Omega$) and discharge for 5 minutes, 30 seconds.	
Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed the specified value	
Resistance to Soldering Heat	Measurement for solder temperature profile at capacitor top and terminal.	
Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 10\%$ of the initial value	
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
ESR	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value	
Leakage Current	Does not exceed the specified value	

Test Method & Performance – Anti-Vibration Version

Anti-Vibration Version	
Vibration Test Specifications	1.5 mm displacement amplitude or 30 g maximum acceleration. Vibration applied for three 4-hour sessions at 10 – 2,000 Hz (capacitor on PCB).
Capacitance Change	Within $\pm 20\%$ of the initial value
Dissipation Factor	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value
ESR	Does not exceed 150% of the specified value
Leakage Current	Does not exceed the specified value

Shelf Life & Re-Ageing

Shelf Life

Recommended use within 24 months after manufacturing date.

The capacitance, ESR and impedance of a capacitor will not change significantly after extended storage periods, however the leakage current will slowly increase.

- The suitable storage condition is +5 to +35°C and less than 75% in relative humidity.
- Do not store in damp conditions such as water, saltwater spray or oil spray.
- Do not store in an environment containing gases such as hydrogen sulphide, sulphurous acid gas, nitrous acid, chlorine gas, ammonium, etc.
- Do not store under exposure to ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation.

MSL 1 rating according to IPC/JEDEC-J-STD-020.

Re-age Procedure

Apply the rated DC voltage to the capacitor at 125°C for a period of 120 minutes through a 1 k Ω series resistor when a capacitor shows increased leakage current.

A780, 125°C, Hybrid Polymer V-Chip, AEC-Q200
Surface Mount Hybrid Aluminum Polymer Capacitors

Table 1 – Ratings & Part Number Reference

Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	Rated Cap	ESR	Dissipation Factor	Ripple Current ¹	Ripple Current Maximum ²	Ripple Current Maximum ²	Leakage Current	Case Size	KEMET Part Number		Case Size
(VDC)	(VDC)	120 Hz 20°C (µF)	100 kHz 20°C (mΩ)	120 Hz 20°C	100 kHz 125°C (mA)	100 kHz 105°C (mA)	100 kHz 125°C (mA)	20°C 2 minute (µA)	D x L (mm)	Standard Version	Anti-Vibration Version	D x L (mm) Anti-Vibration
25	28.75	33	80	0.14	550	-	-	10.0	5x6	A780BC336M1ELAS080*	-	-
25	28.75	39	80	0.14	550	-	-	10.0	5x6	A780BC396M1ELAS080*	-	-
25	28.75	47	80	0.14	550	-	-	11.8	5x6	A780BC476M1ELAS080*	-	-
25	28.75	56	80	0.14	850	-	-	14.0	5x6	A780BC566M1ELAS080*	-	-
25	28.75	68	60	0.14	900	-	-	17.0	5x9	A780BM686M1ELAS060*	-	-
25	28.75	82	60	0.14	900	-	-	20.5	5x9	A780BM826M1ELAS060*	-	-
25	28.75	100	50	0.14	980	-	-	25.0	5x10	A780BN107M1ELAS050*	-	-
25	28.75	100	65	0.14	900	-	-	25.0	6.3x5.7	A780EB107M1ELAS065	A780EB107M1ELAV065	6.3x5.9
25	28.75	180	45	0.14	1,150	-	-	45.0	6.3x9.7	A780EN187M1ELAS045	A780EN187M1ELAV045	6.3x9.9
25	28.75	270	30	0.14	1,550	-	-	67.5	8x9.7	A780KN277M1ELAS030	A780KN277M1ELAV030	8x9.9
25	28.75	390	25	0.14	1,780	-	-	97.5	8x12.2	A780KS397M1ELAS025	A780KS397M1ELAV025	8x12.4
25	28.75	560	22	0.14	2,100	6,900	4,000	140.0	10 x 12.2	A780MS567M1ELAS022	A780MS567M1ELAV022	10 x 12.4
35	40.25	22	100	0.12	550	-	-	10.0	5x6	A780BC226M1VLAS100*	-	-
35	40.25	27	100	0.12	550	-	-	10.0	5x6	A780BC276M1VLAS100*	-	-
35	40.25	33	100	0.12	550	-	-	11.6	5x6.7	A780BG336M1VLAS100*	-	-
35	40.25	47	70	0.12	800	-	-	16.5	5x9	A780BM476M1VLAS070*	-	-
35	40.25	56	60	0.12	900	-	-	19.6	5x10	A780BN566M1VLAS060*	-	-
35	40.25	47	70	0.12	880	-	-	16.5	6.3x5.7	A780EB476M1VLAS070	A780EB476M1VLAV070	6.3x5.9
35	40.25	56	70	0.12	850	-	-	20.0	6.3 x 5.7	A780EB566M1VLAS070	A780EB566M1VLAV070	6.3 x 5.9
35	40.25	82	60	0.12	950	-	-	29.0	6.3 x 7.7	A780EK826M1VLAS060	A780EK826M1VLAV045	6.3 x 7.9
35	40.25	82	45	0.12	1,150	-	-	28.7	6.3x9.7	A780EN826M1VLAS045	A780EN826M1VLAV045	6.3x9.9
35	40.25	100	45	0.12	1,100	-	-	35	6.3 x 9.7	A780EN107M1VLAS045	A780EN107M1VLAV045	6.3 x 9.9
35	40.25	150	30	0.12	1,550	-	-	52.5	8x9.7	A780KN157M1VLAS030	A780KN157M1VLAV030	8x9.9
35	40.25	180	30	0.12	1,500	-	-	63	8 x 9.7	A780KN187M1VLAS030	A780KN187M1VLAV030	8 x 9.9
35	40.25	180	25	0.12	1,780	-	-	63.0	8x12.2	A780KS187M1VLAS025	A780KS187M1VLAV025	8x12.4
35	40.25	220	25	0.12	1,650	-	-	77	8 x 12.2	A780KS227M1VLAS025	A780KS227M1VLAV025	8 x 12.4
35	40.25	270	25	0.12	1,750	-	-	94.5	10x10.2	A780MN277M1VLAS025	A780MN277M1VLAV025	10x10.4
35	40.25	330	20	0.12	1,950	-	-	116	10 x 10.2	A780MN337M1VLAS020	A780MN337M1VLAV020	10 x 10.4
35	40.25	270	22	0.12	2,100	6,900	4,000	94.5	10 x 12.2	A780MS277M1VLAS022	A780MS277M1VLAV022	10 x 12.4
35	40.25	330	20	0.12	2,200	7,300	4,200	115.5	10 x 12.2	A780MS337M1VLAS020	A780MS337M1VLAV020	10 x 12.4
35	40.25	420	20	0.12	2,200	-	-	147	10 x 12.2	A780MS427M1VLAS020	A780MS427M1VLAV020	10 x 12.4
50	57.50	10	120	0.1	500	-	-	10.0	5x6	A780BC106M1HLAS120*	-	-
50	57.50	22	100	0.1	650	-	-	11.0	5x9	A780BM226M1HLAS100*	-	-
50	57.50	27	90	0.1	700	-	-	13.5	5x10	A780BN276M1HLAS090*	-	-
50	57.50	47	50	0.1	1,080	-	-	23.5	6.3x9.7	A780EN476M1HLAS050	A780EN476M1HLAV050	6.3x9.9
50	57.50	68	35	0.1	1,400	-	-	34.0	8x9.7	A780KN686M1HLAS035	A780KN686M1HLAV035	8x9.9
50	57.50	100	31	0.1	1,600	-	-	50.0	8x12.2	A780KS107M1HLAS031	A780KS107M1HLAV031	8x12.4
50	57.50	120	30	0.1	1,600	-	-	60.0	10x10.2	A780MN127M1HLAS030	A780MN127M1HLAV030	10x10.4
50	57.50	150	25	0.10	1,900	6,500	3,700	75.0	10 x 12.2	A780MS157M1HLAS025	A780MS157M1HLAV025	10 x 12.4
63	72.45	27	60	0.08	980	-	-	17.0	6.3x9.7	A780EN276M1JLAS060	A780EN276M1JLAV060	6.3x9.9
63	72.45	33	40	0.08	1,320	-	-	20.8	8x9.7	A780KN336M1JLAS040	A780KN336M1JLAV040	8x9.9
63	72.45	39	40	0.08	1,320	-	-	24.6	8x9.7	A780KN396M1JLAS040	A780KN396M1JLAV040	8x9.9
63	72.45	56	40	0.08	1,400	5,250	3,000	35.3	8 x 12.2	A780KS566M1JLAS040	A780KS566M1JLAV040	8x12.4
63	72.45	56	30	0.08	1,800	5,950	3,400	35.3	10 x 12.2	A780MS566M1JLAS030	A780MS566M1JLAV030	10 x 12.4
63	72.45	68	35	0.08	1,650	5,510	3,200	42.8	10 x 10.2	A780MN686M1JLAS035	A780MN686M1JLAV035	10 x 10.4
63	72.45	100	30	0.08	1,800	5,950	3,400	63.0	10 x 12.2	A780MS107M1JLAS030	A780MS107M1JLAV030	10 x 12.4
80	92.00	15	70	0.08	1,000	-	-	12.0	10 x 10.2	A780MN156M1KLAS070	A780MN156M1KLAV070	10 x 10.4

1 Capacitor mounted on PCB, Lop: 4,000 hours

2 Capacitor mounted with low thermal resistance path (heat-sink), Lop: 3,000 hours

KEMET technology allows to achieve enhanced ripple performance by adding a heat sink solution. This component acts as a dissipator of generated heat, granting effective cooling of the capacitor system. (For more information consult "A780 Low Thermal Path Mounting" [application note](#))

* Available up on request

Link: <https://www.kemet.com/en/us/technical-resources/a780-design-advantage-for-heat-sink-pcb-application.html>

Installing

Hybrid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors are prone to a change in leakage current due to thermal stress during soldering. The leakage current may increase after soldering or reflow soldering. Therefore, verify the suitability for use in circuits sensitive to leakage current. Depending on the nature of the circuit, it may be recommended to follow the re-aging procedure before application.

A general principle is that lower temperature operation results in a longer, useful life of the capacitor. For this reason, it should be ensured that Hybrid Polymer Aluminum capacitors are placed away from heat-emitting components. Adequate space should be allowed between components for cooling air to circulate, especially when high ripple current loads are applied. In any case, the maximum rated temperature must not be exceeded.

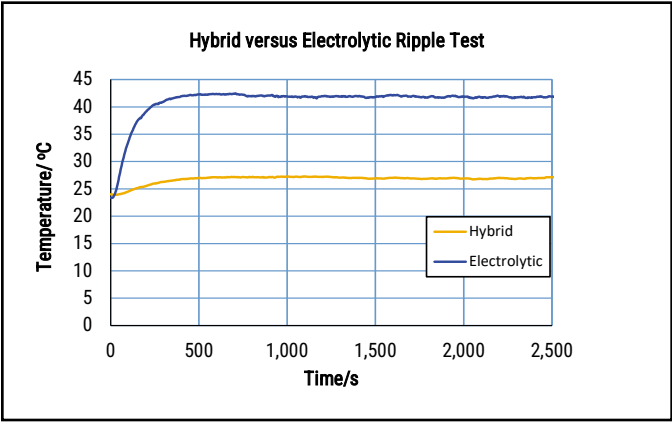
- Do not deform the case of capacitors or use capacitors with a deformed case.
- Verify that the connections of the capacitors are able to insert on the board without excessive mechanical force. Excessive force during insertion, as well as after soldering may cause terminal damage and affect the electrical performance.
- Ensure electrical insulation between the capacitor case, negative terminal, positive terminal and PCB.
- If the capacitors require mounting through additional means, the recommended mounting accessories shall be used.
- Verify the correct polarization of the capacitor on the board.

KEMET recommends, to ensure that the voltage across each capacitor does not exceed its rated voltage.

Temperature Stability Characteristics

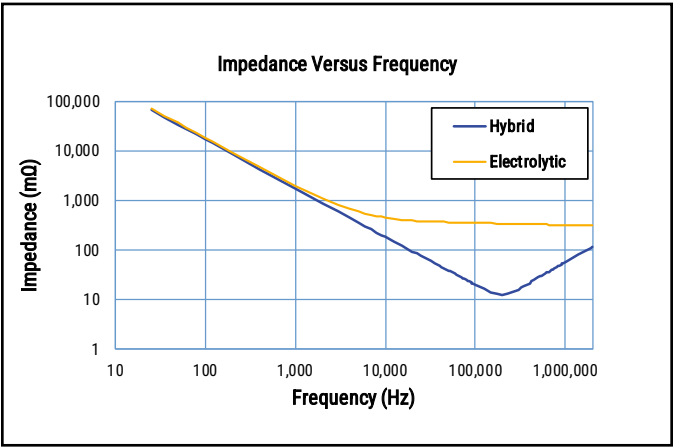
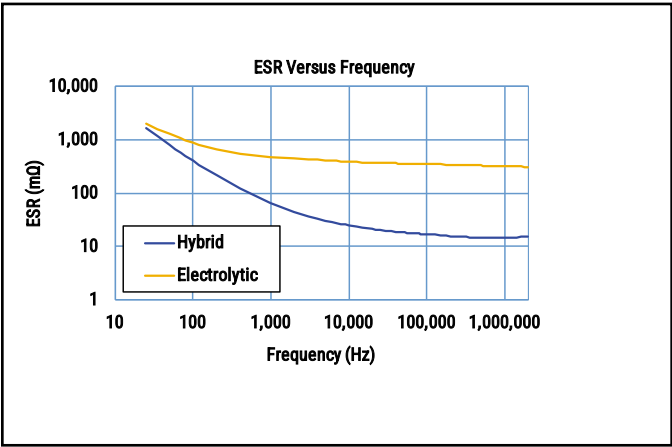
Hybrid Polymer Aluminum Capacitors allow high ripple currents for smaller case sizes and higher voltage comparing with standard electrolytics. The presence of conductive polymer and electrolyte allows for higher temperature robustness and a more stable product performance.

Temperature Stability Characteristics



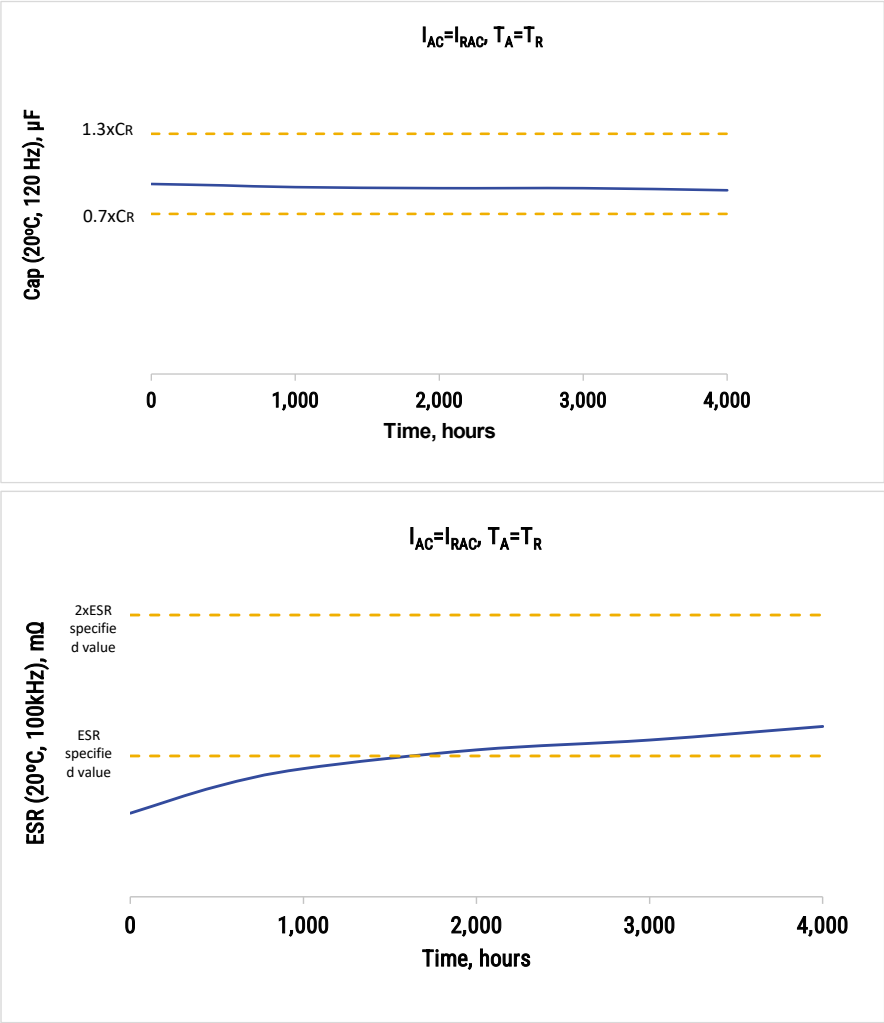
Electrical Parameters across Frequency Range

Due to the conductive polymer and electrolyte, Hybrid Aluminum Polymer Capacitors feature higher conductivity. Therefore, ESR and Impedance of these capacitors are significantly lower than that of a standard electrolytic capacitor at higher frequencies. This allows an Hybrid Aluminum Polymer capacitor to replace several standard electrolytic capacitors, reducing the number of components and maximizing board space.



Operational Life

Typical capacitance and ESR curves of Polymer Hybrid V-Chip mounted on a standard Printed Circuit Board (PCB) at rated temperature T_R and with rated ripple current I_{RAC} applied:



DC Life Formula

Expected DC operational life (L_{op} , in k hour) can be calculated in accordance to the following equation:

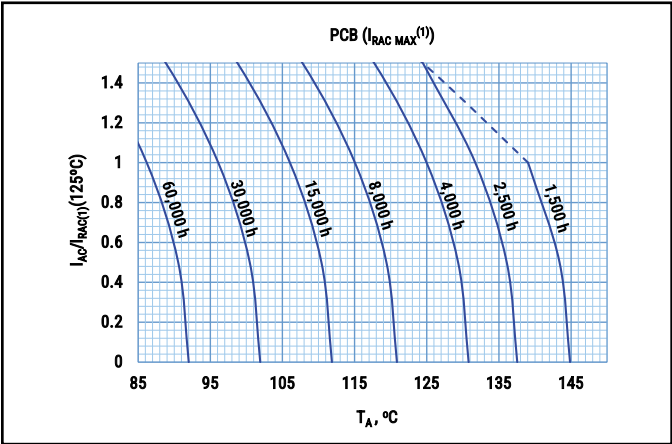
$$L_{op} = 6 \times 10^{((125-T)/33)}$$

Where:

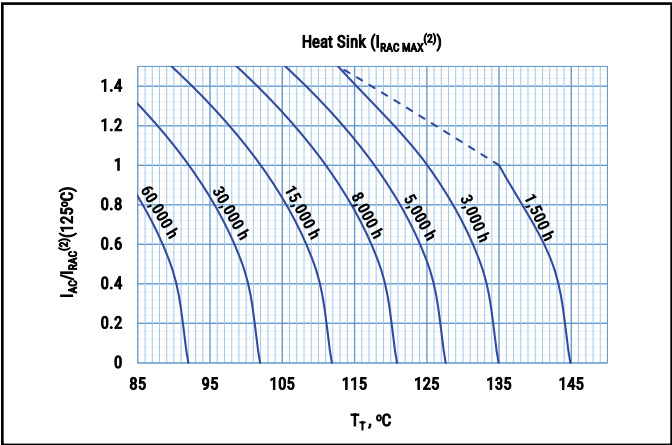
L_{op} : Life at maximum permissible operating temperature with rated operating voltage applied (k hour). Maximum L_{op} = 131 kh.
T: Ambient operating temperature (°C).

Operational Life

Operational Life (L_{op}) of a Polymer Hybrid V-Chip mounted on a Printed Circuit Board (PCB) at ambient temperature T_A and ripple current I_{AC} applied can be converted from the diagram:

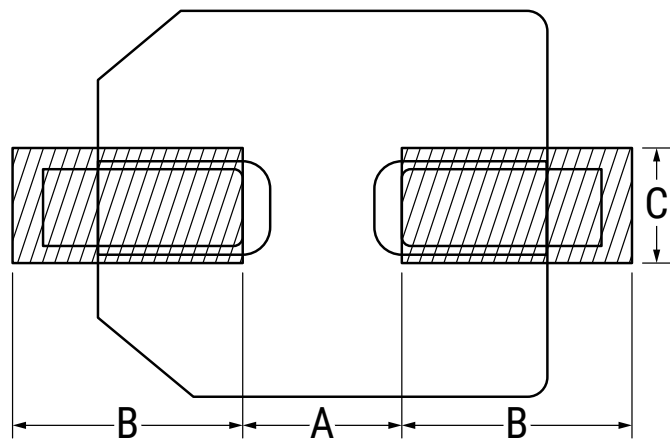


Operational Life (L_{op}), when using a low thermal resistance path, at capacitor terminal temperature T_T and ripple current I_{AC} applied, can be converted from the diagram:



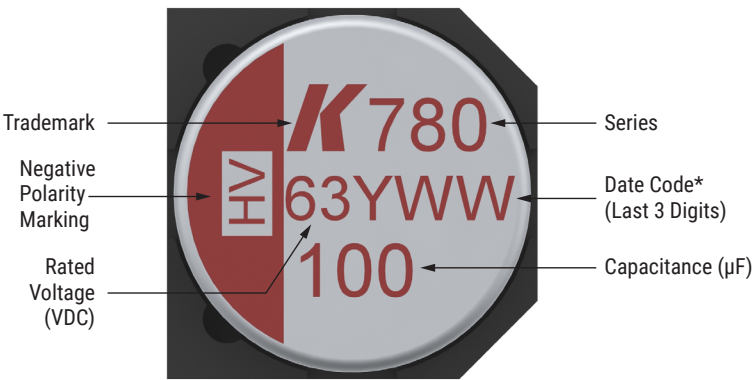
$I_{RAC(1)}$ and $I_{RAC(2)}$ correspond to maximum ripple current specified for each case and should be consulted in Table 1 of this datasheet. The dashed lines correspond to the maximum ripple current allowed. As an example, when using a low thermal resistance path, at a terminal temperature of 135°C, the applied ripple current is limited to $I_{AC}/I_{RAC(2)} = 1.2$.

Landing Pad – Millimeters



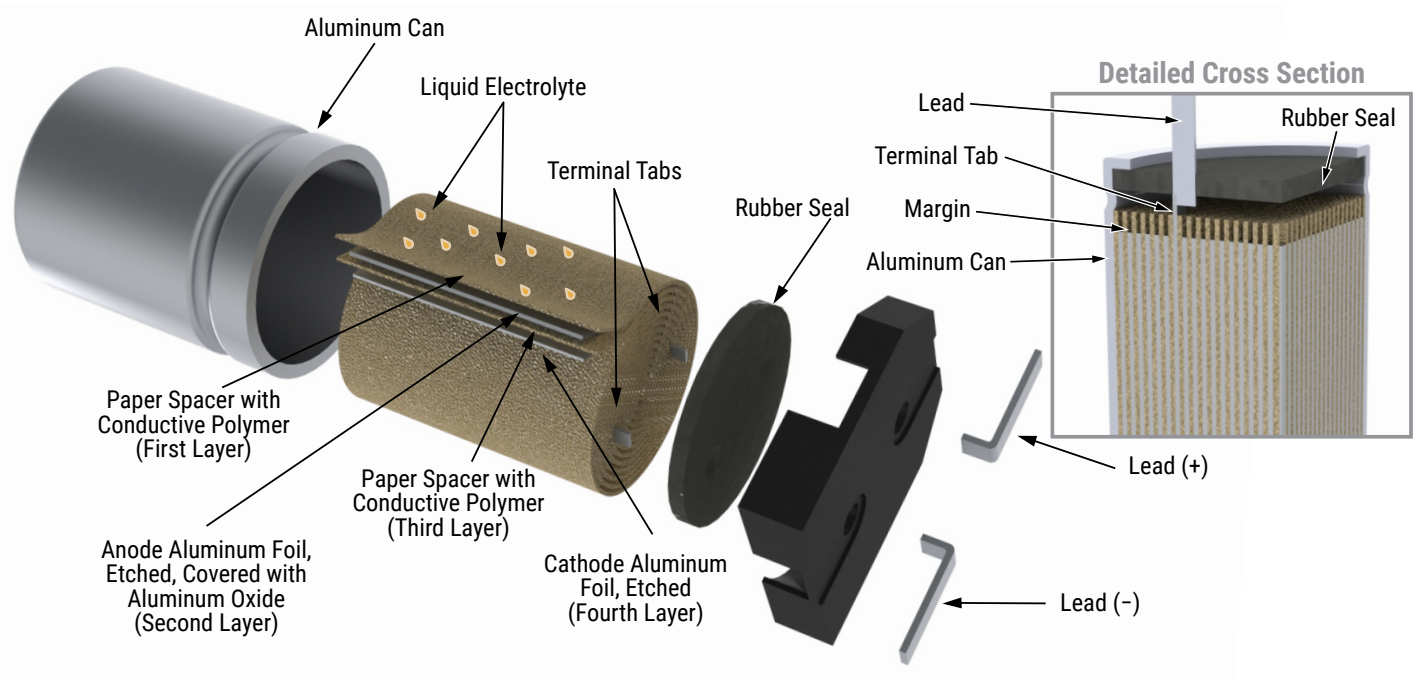
Diameter	A	B	C
5	1.4	3	1.6
6.3	1.9	3.5	1.6
6.3 (Anti-Vibration)	1.9	3.5	3.0
8	3.1	4.2	2.2
8 (Anti-Vibration)	3.1	4.2	4.2
10	4.5	4.4	2.2
10 (Anti-Vibration)	4.5	4.4	4.6
Units in mm			

Marking



Date Code*	
1 st Digits = Rated Voltage	
Letter = Year Code	T = 2020
Final Digits = Week of the Year	01 = 1 st week of the Year to 52 = 52 nd week of the Year
Year Code	
T	2020
U	2021
V	2022
W	2023
X	2024
Y	2025
Z	2026

Construction

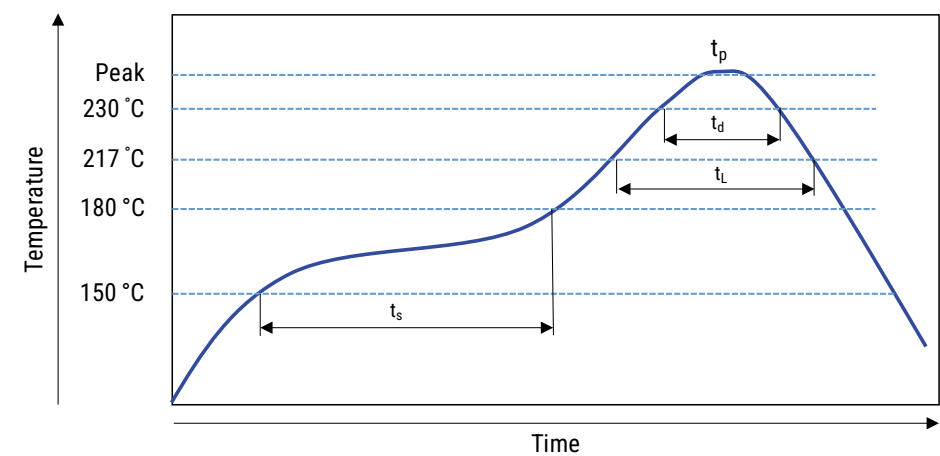


Re-Flow Soldering

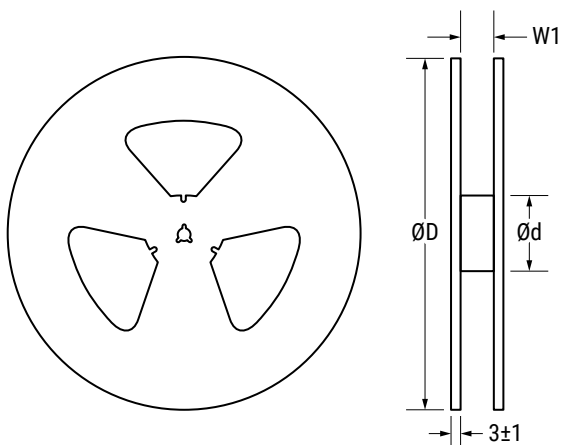
The soldering conditions should be within the specified conditions below:

- Do not dip the capacitors body into the melted solder.
- Flux should only be applied to the capacitors terminals.
- Vapour heat transfer systems are not recommended. The system should be thermal, such as infra-red radiation or hot blast.
- Observe the soldering conditions as shown below.
- Do not exceed these limits and avoid repeated reflowing.

Time Period	Preheating t_s	t_L	t_d	t_p	Reflow Number
Temperature (°C)	150 – 180	≥ 217	≥ 230	260	1
				250	1 or 2
Time (seconds)	60 – 120	≤ 50	≤ 40	≤ 5	-

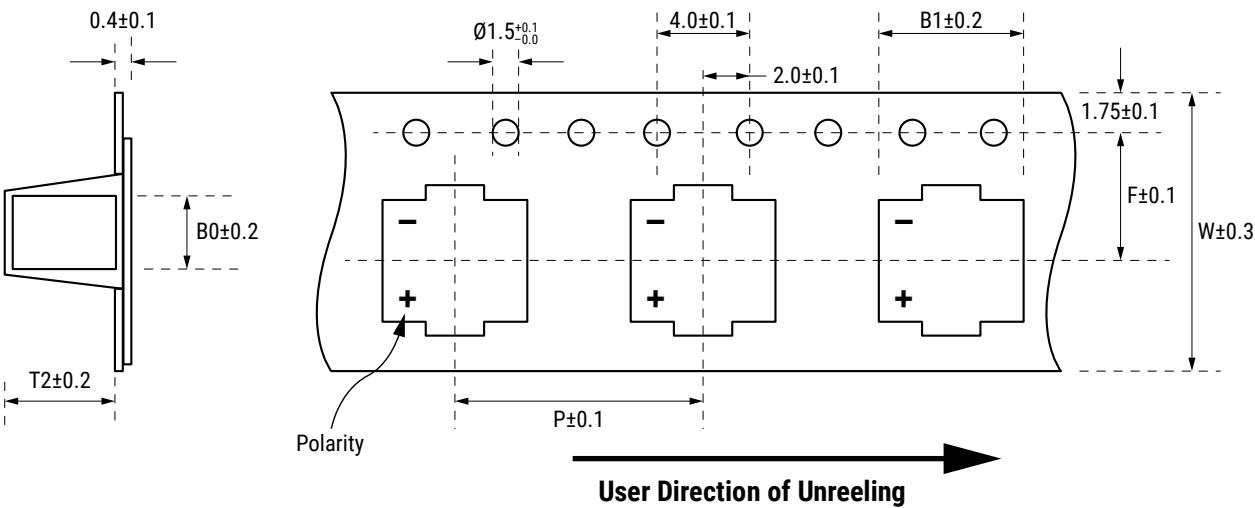


Lead Taping & Packaging



Size Code	Diameter (mm)	Length (mm)	Reel			Reel Quantity	Box Quantity
			d (mm)	D (mm)	W1 (mm)		
			±3	±2	±2		
BC	5	6	100	380	12	1,000	10,000
BG	5	6.7	100	380	12	1,000	10,000
BM	5	9	100	380	16	800	6,400
BN	5	10	100	380	16	800	6,400
EB	6.3	5.7	100	380	16	1,000	10,000
EB(Anti-Vibration)	6.3	5.9	100	380	16	1,000	10,000
EN	6.3	9.7	100	380	16	800	8,000
EN(Anti-Vibration)	6.3	9.9	100	380	16	800	8,000
KN	8	9.7	100	380	24	500	3,000
KN(Anti-Vibration)	8	9.9	100	380	24	500	3,000
KS	8	12.2	100	380	24	400	2,400
KS(Anti-Vibration)	8	12.4	100	380	24	400	2,400
MN	10	10.2	100	380	24	500	3,000
MN (Anti-Vibration)	10	10.4	100	380	24	500	3,000
MS	10	12.2	100	380	24	400	2,400
MS (Anti-Vibration)	10	12.4	100	380	24	400	2,400

Taping for Automatic Insertion Machines



Size Code	D x L	W	P	F	B1	B0	T2
	Tolerance	±0.3	±0.1	±0.1	±0.2	±0.2	±0.2
BC	5 x 6	12	12	5.5	5.7	5.7	6.7
BG	5 x 6.7	12	12	5.5	5.7	5.7	7.6
BM	5 x 9	16	12	7.5	5.7	5.7	10
BN	5 x 10	16	12	7.5	5.7	5.7	10.5
EB	6.3 x 5.7	16	12	7.5	7	7	5.8
EB (Anti-Vibration)	6.3 x 5.9	16	12	7.5	7	7	6
EN	6.3 x 9.7	16	12	7.5	7	7	9.6
EN (Anti-Vibration)	6.3 x 9.9	16	12	7.5	7	7	9.8
KN	8.0 x 9.7	24	16	11.5	8.7	8.7	9.8
KN (Anti-Vibration)	8.0 x 9.9	24	16	11.5	8.7	9.2	10
KS	8 x 12.2	24	16	11.5	8.7	8.7	12.6
KS (Anti-Vibration)	8 x 12.4	24	16	11.5	8.7	9.2	12.8
MN	10 x 10.2	24	16	11.5	10.7	10.7	10.1
MN (Anti-Vibration)	10 x 10.4	24	16	11.5	10.7	11.2	10.3
MS	10 x 12.2	24	16	11.5	10.7	10.7	12.5
MS (Anti-Vibration)"	10 x 12.4	24	16	11.5	10.7	11.2	12.7

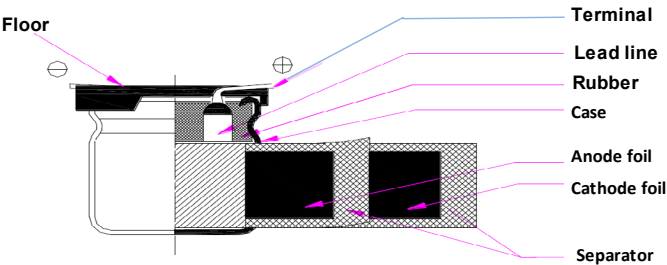
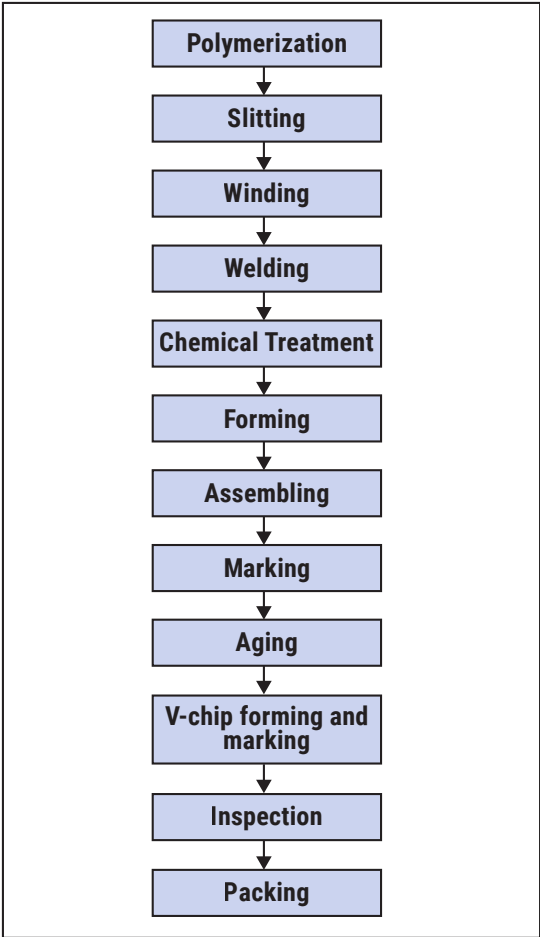
Construction Data

The manufacturing process begins with the anode foil being electrochemically etched to increase the surface area and then ‘formed’ to produce the aluminum oxide layer. Both the anode and cathode foils are then interleaved with absorbent paper and wound into a cylinder. During the winding process, aluminum tabs are attached to each foil to provide the electrical contact.

The deck, complete with terminals, is attached to the tabs and then folded down to rest on top of the winding. The complete winding is impregnated with a conductive polymer electrolyte before being housed in a suitable container, usually an aluminum can, and sealed. Throughout the process, all materials inside the housing must be maintained at the highest purity and be compatible with the electrolyte.

Each capacitor is aged and tested before being packed. The purpose of aging is to repair any damage in the oxide layer and thus reduce the leakage current to a very low level. Aging is normally carried out at the rated temperature of the capacitor and is accomplished by applying voltage to the device while carefully controlling the supply current. The process may take several hours to complete. Damage to the oxide layer can occur due to a variety of reasons:

- Slitting of the anode foil after forming
- Attaching the tabs to the anode foil
- Minor mechanical damage caused during winding



Product Safety

THESE NOTES SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE PRODUCT DATA SHEET. FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE RATINGS AND THE INFORMATION ON THIS SHEET MAY RESULT IN A SAFETY HAZARD.

Warning

When potential lethal voltages e.g. 30 VAC (RMS) or 60 VDC are applied to the terminals of this product, the use of a hazard warning label is recommended.

1. Electrolyte

Hybrid aluminum polymer electrolytic capacitors contain polymer and electrolyte, which can be hazardous.

1.1 Safety Precautions

In the event of gas venting, avoid contact and inhalation. Wash the affected area with hot water. Use rubber gloves to avoid skin contact. Any contact with the eyes should be liberally irrigated with water and medical advice sought.

2. Intrinsic Properties

2.1 Operating

DC capacitors are polar devices and will operate safely only if correctly connected. Reversing the connections will result in high leakage currents which could subsequently cause short circuit failure and possibly explosion and fire. Correctly polarized operation may result in the above failure modes if:

- The surge voltage is exceeded
- The ambient temperature is too high
- Excessive ripple currents are applied

2.2 Non-Operating

Excessive torque or soldering heat may affect the performance of the capacitor or damage the sealing. Electric shock may result if capacitors are not discharged.

3. Disposal

Aluminum electrolytic capacitors are consignable waste under the Special Waste Regulations 1996 (Statutory Instrument 1996 No 972), which complies with the EC Hazardous Waste Directive – Directive 91/689/EEC. The electrolyte should therefore be treated as a hazardous waste and advice should be sought from the local office of the Environmental Agency regarding its disposal.

Due to the construction of an aluminum electrolytic capacitors, high temperature incineration may cause the component to explode due to build-up of internal pressure. In addition, incineration may also cause the emission of noxious fumes. KEMET strongly recommends that if there are any doubts regarding the disposal of conductive polymer aluminum solid electrolytic capacitors, that advice be sought from the local regulating authority.

In addition, KEMET would like to request that users of aluminum electrolytic capacitors respect the needs of the environment and, wherever possible, recover as much of the materials as possible, i.e., aluminum.

Product Safety cont.

4. Unsafe Use

Most failures are of a passive nature and do not represent a safety hazard. A hazard may, however, arise if this failure causes a dangerous malfunction of the equipment in which the capacitor is employed. Circuits should be designed to fail safe under the normal modes of failure.

The usual failure mode is an increase of ESR or an open circuit. Other possible modes are decrease of capacitance, increase in dissipation factor (and impedance) or an open circuit. Capacitors should be used in a well-ventilated enclosure or cabinet.

5. Mounting

Care should be taken when mounting, that any safety vent in the can is not covered.

6. Fumigation

In many countries throughout the world it is now common practice to fumigate shipments of products in order to control insect infestation, particularly when wooden packaging is used. Currently, methyl bromide is widely used as a fumigant, which can penetrate cardboard packing and polymer bags and, therefore, come into direct contact with equipment or components contained within.

If aluminum electrolytic capacitors become exposed to methyl bromide then corrosion may occur, depending upon the concentration and exposure time to the chemical.

This failure mode can affect all types of KEMET aluminum electrolytic capacitors. Methyl bromide can penetrate the seals of aluminum electrolytic capacitors and cause internal corrosion of the anode connection, resulting in the component becoming open circuit. The rate of corrosion will depend upon the level of exposure to methyl bromide as well as the subsequent operating conditions, such as voltage and temperature. It may take months or, in some cases, several years before the component becomes open circuit.

7. Dielectric Absorption

A phenomenon known as dielectric absorption can cause aluminum electrolytic capacitors to recharge themselves. The phenomenon is well known but impossible to predict with any great accuracy, so potentially any electrolytic product could be affected. Thus, a capacitor that has been charged and then completely discharged will appear to recharge itself if left open circuit; this will manifest itself as a small voltage across the terminals of the capacitor. Generally, the voltages seen are less than 20 VDC. However, higher voltages have on occasion been reported.

In order to avoid any problems caused by this voltage, KEMET recommends that capacitors be discharged before connecting to the terminals.

KEMET Electronics Corporation Sales Offices

For a complete list of our global sales offices, please visit <https://www.yageogroup.com/SalesResources/SalesOffices>

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Although KEMET designs and manufactures its products to the most stringent quality and safety standards, given the current state of the art, isolated component failures may still occur. Accordingly, customer applications which require a high degree of reliability or safety should employ suitable designs or other safeguards (such as installation of protective circuitry or redundancies) in order to ensure that the failure of an electrical component does not result in a risk of personal injury or property damage.

Although all product-related warnings, cautions and notes must be observed, the customer should not assume that all safety measures are indicated or that other measures may not be required.

KEMET requires its products to be packaged and shipped on pallets. This is because KEMET's products are specifically designed to be packed onto pallets during shipment. If for any reason, the products are removed from pallets by the shipping party and shipped to the end customer, then additional external protection is required. In this instance, an external box with two carton layers and an upwards orientation sticker must be used by the shipping party, with the empty space filled with filling material, and afterwards sealing the box. If this packing and packaging guideline is not followed by the shipping party, the shipping party, and not KEMET, will be held responsible for any packaging, packing and/or product damages upon delivery of the products to the end customer. KEMET hereby disclaims any liability for damages to the products or otherwise that have been, or threaten to be, inflicted, result from or are in any way related to the packaging, packing or damage by the shipping party in contravention of the packing and packaging guidelines herein.