

Power Inductor

Automotive Grade

APMI Series



Overview

Power inductors are passive electronic components used in various circuits to store energy in a magnetic field when electrical current flows through them. They are critical in filtering, energy storage, and noise suppression in power electronic systems. They are designed to handle higher currents and are optimized for minimal power loss and thermal efficiency.

Benefits

1. Automotive grade available
2. Mn-Zn ferrite & Sintered alloy material core
3. Copper foil coil Low inductance, low DCR
4. High ISAT & Irms
5. No thermal aging

Applications

1. Automotive Systems for ADAS
2. AI, Data Center, Server, FPGA
3. VGA, PC, Switch, Storage

Product Information

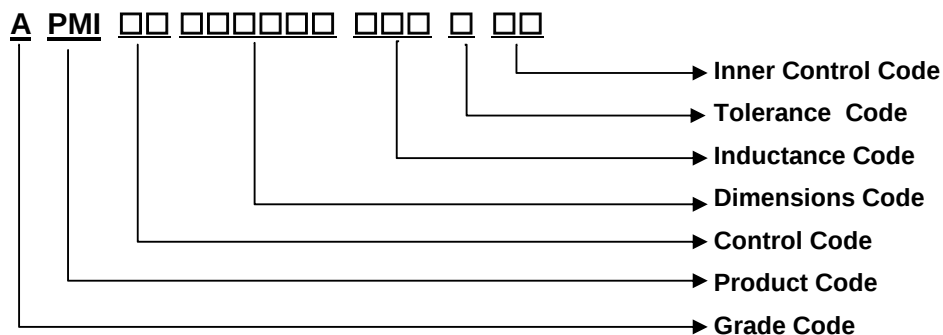
Series	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (mm)	Inductance (μH)
APMI	4.0	4.0	4.0	0.022 ~ 0.3
	7.0	7.0	4.96	
	9.4	6.2	8.0	
	10.2	7.0	4.96	
	10.2	7.5 ~ 8.0	6.8	
	10.0	7.65	7.0 ~ 7.5	



APMI00100874 Series Specification

1 Scope: This specification applies to the Pb Free high current type SMD inductors

2 Part Numbering:



3 Rating:

Operating Temperature range: -55°C ~ +150°C (Including self temp. rise)

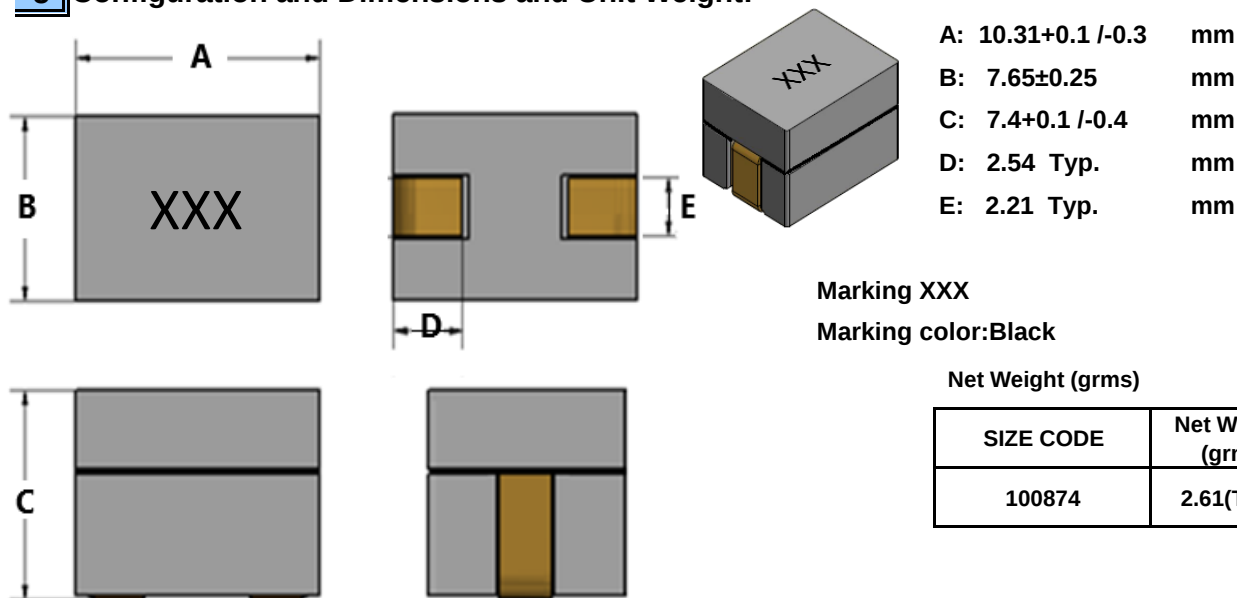
Storage Temperature range: -55°C ~ +150°C (For after the circuit board is mounted)

Storage Temperature: (on tape & reel): -20°C to +40°C; 75% RH max.

4 Standard Testing Condition:

	Unless otherwise specified	In case of doubt
Temperature	Ordinary Temperature(15 to 35°C)	20 to 30°C
Humidity	Ordinary Humidity(25 to 85% RH)	50 to 80 %RH

5 Configuration and Dimensions and Unit Weight:



6 Electrical Characteristics:

Part No.	Inductance L(nH)	Resistance RDC(mΩ)	Rated DC Current		Tolerance	Marking
			Isat(A)	Irms(A)		
APMI00100874R12□00	115	0.29 ±10%	94	41	K,L,M	R115
APMI00100874R13□00	130	0.29 ±10%	85	41	L,M	R13
APMI00100874R15□00	150	0.29 ±10%	72	41	K,L,M	R15
APMI00100874R17□00	170	0.29 ±10%	62	41	L,M	R17
APMI00100874R18□00	175	0.29 ±10%	62	41	L,M	R175
APMI00100874R22□00	215	0.29 ±10%	48	41	K,L,M	R215
APMI00100874R23□00	230	0.29 ±10%	43	41	L,M	R23
APMI00100874R27□00	270	0.29 ±10%	37	41	L,M	R27
APMI00100874R30□00	300	0.29 ±10%	32	41	L,M	R30

RDC TEST POINT

The nominal DCR is measured from point "a" to point "b" .

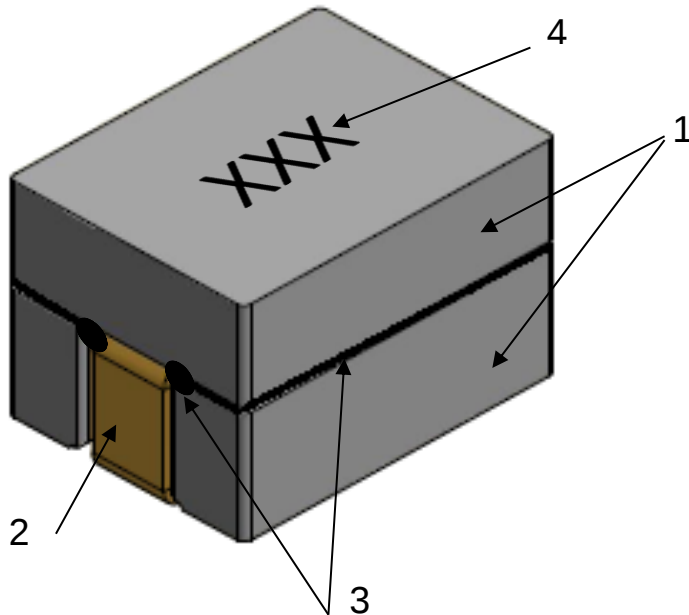


NOTE: tolerance K=±10% , L=±15% , M=±20%

Test Frequency:100kHz/1.0V

1. Isat1 : Based on inductance change (ΔL/Lo : drop 20% Typ.) @ambient temperature 25°C
2. Irms : Based on temperature rise (ΔT : 40°C Typ.)

6.1 Construction:



6.2 Material List:

NO.	ITEM	DESCRIPTION & TYPE
1	CORE	FERRITE
2	CLIP	COPPER FOIL
3	ADHESIVE	EPOXY RESIN
4	INK	Ink(Black)

ELECTRICAL

TEST ITEM	SPECIFICATION	TEST DETAILS
Temperature characteristics	$\Delta L/L20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \pm 10\%$ 0~2000 ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$	The test shall be performed after the sample has stabilized in an ambient temperature of -20 to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, and the value calculated based on the value applicable in a normal temperature and normal humidity shall be $\Delta L/L20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \pm 10\%$.

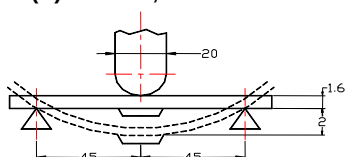
MECHANICAL

TEST ITEM	SPECIFICATION	TEST DETAILS
High Temperature Exposure (Storage)	1. $\Delta L/L_0 \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	Refer to MIL-STD-202 Method 108 1. preconditioning :reflow 3 times. 2. 1000hrs. at rated operating temperature, part can be stored for 1000 hrs. @ 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. Unpowered. Measurement at 24 $\pm$ 4 hours after test conclusion.
Temperature Cycling	1. $\Delta L/L_0 \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	Refer to JESD22 Method JA-104 1. preconditioning :reflow 3 times. 2. 1000 cycles (-55 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$). Measurement at 24 $\pm$ 4 hours after test conclusion. 30min maximum dwell time at each temperature extreme. 1 min. maximum transition time.
Biased Humidity	1. $\Delta L/L_0 \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	Refer to MIL-STD-202 Method 103 1. preconditioning :reflow 3 times. 2. 1000 hrs 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ /85%RH. Unpowered. Measurement at 24 $\pm$ 4 hours after test conclusion.
Operational Life	1. $\Delta L/L_0 \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	Refer to MIL-PRF-27 1. preconditioning :reflow 3 times. 2. 1000 hrs. @ 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. Measurement 24 $\pm$ 4 hours after test conclusion.
Physical Dimensions	Product spec	Refer to JESD22-B100 Verify physical dimensions to the applicable device detail specification.

MECHANICAL

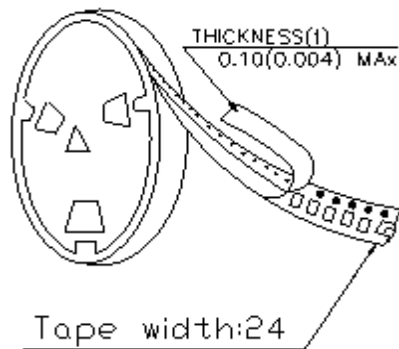
Resistance to Solvent	1. Marking -No constitute failure 2. No damage or degradation that has occurred due to solvent	Refer to MIL-STD-202 Method 215 Immersion 3+0.5/-0 minutes in Terpene defluxer. Brush 10 strokes (wet bristle) 2 to 3 oz. Rinse in water. Air blow dry.
Mechanical Shock	1. $\Delta L/L_o \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	MIL-STD-202 Method 213 Units are non-operating. Pulse shape : Half-sine waveform Impact acceleration : 100 g's Pulse duration : 6 ms Number of shocks : 18 shocks (3 shocks for each face)
Vibration	1. $\Delta L/L_o \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	MIL-STD-202 Method 204 5 g's for 20 minutes, 12 cycles each of 3 orientations. Test from 10-2000Hz.
Resistance to Soldering Heat (reflow soldering)	1. $\Delta L/L_o \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	Temperature profile of reflow soldering Refer to MIL-STD-202 Method 210 SMD: Condition K, time above 217°C, 60s – 150s, 3Cycles
Solderability	All terminations shall exhibit a continuous solder coating free from defects for a minimum of 95% of the critical area of any individual termination.	Refer to J-STD-002 For both Leaded & SMD. Electrical Test not required. Magnification 30X. Conditions: SMD: a) Method B1 @ 245°C, 5+0/-0.5 s. b) Method D @ 260°C, 30+5/-0 s.

ENVIRONMENT CHARACTERISTICS

TEST ITEM	SPECIFICATION	TEST DETAILS
Board Flex	1. $\Delta L/L_0 \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. No Crack	Refer to AEC-Q200-005 Bend the board (D) X = 2mm, 60sec minimum holding time. 
Terminal Strength	1. $\Delta L/L_0 \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	Refer to AEC-Q200-006 Apply a 1.8Kg force to the side of a device bending tested. The force shall be applied for 60+1 seconds.
Electrical Characterization	User Specification.	Parametrically test per lot and sample size requirements. Summary to show minimum, maximum, mean and standard deviation at room, minimum and maximum operating temperatures.
ESD	1. $\Delta L/L_0 \leq \pm 10\%$ 2. Appearance-No damage (OM)	Min 2kV (HBM).
Flammability	The marking and A side have no obvious broken, and the marking are clearly	Refer to UL 94 Burning stops within 10 seconds on a vertical specimen; drips of particles allowed as long as they are not inflamed.

7 Packaging:

7.1 Packaging -Cover Tape

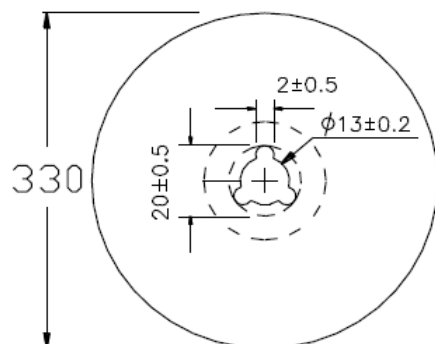


7.2 Packaging Quantity

TYPE	PCS/REEL
APMI00100874	500

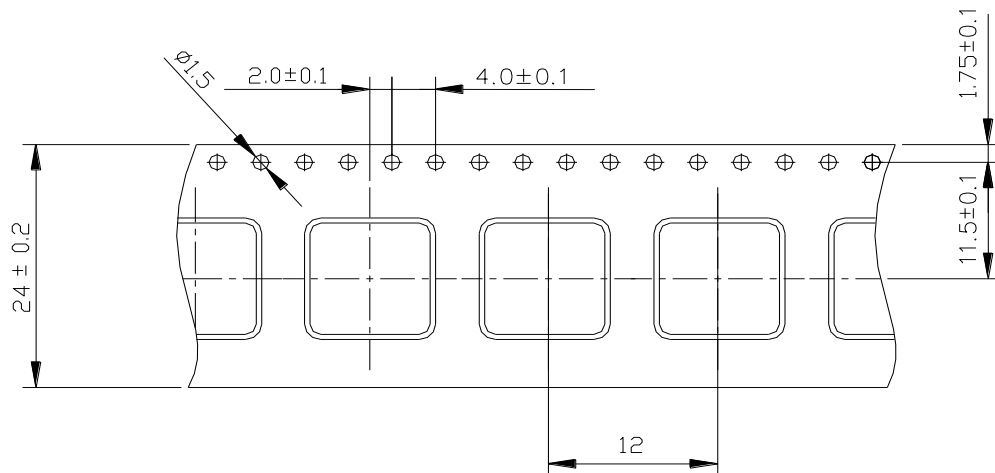
7.3 Reel Dimensions

Unit : mm

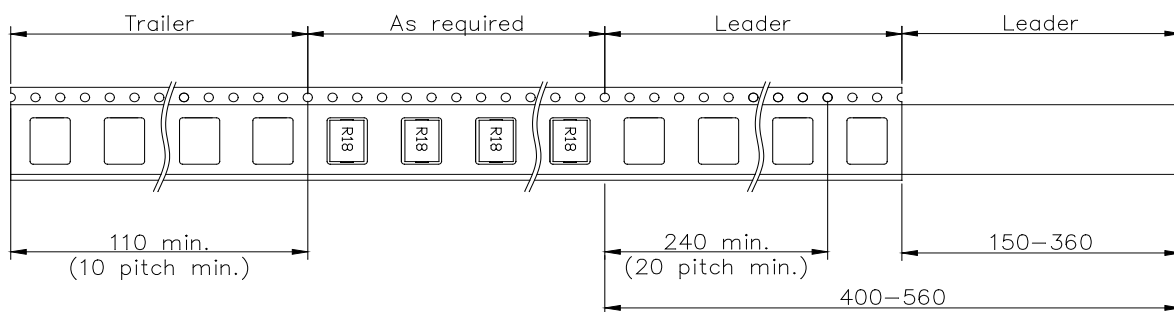
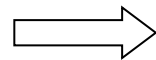


7 Packaging:

7.4 Tape Dimensions in mm

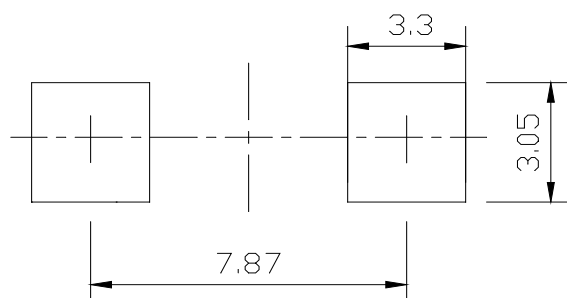


**Unreeling
Direction**



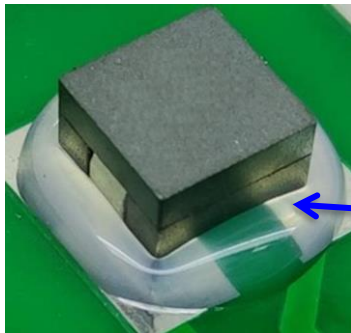
8 Recommended Land Pattern:

(STANDARD PATTERN) Unit : mm



9 Note:

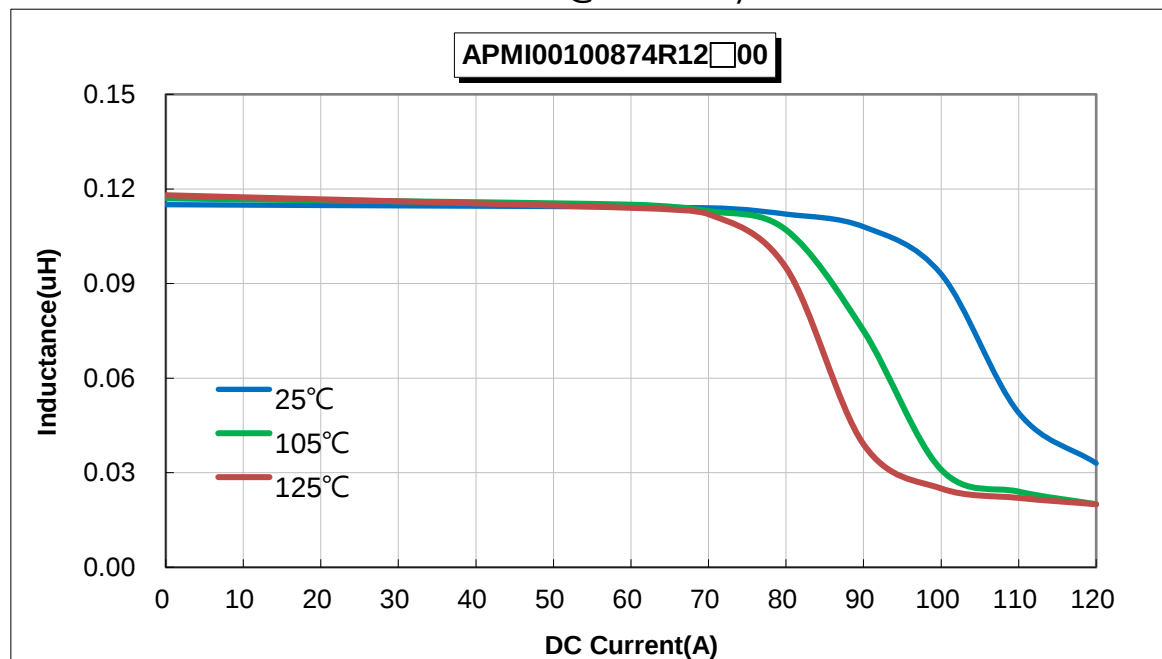
1. Please make sure that your product has been evaluated and confirmed against your specifications when our product is mounted to your product.
2. Do not knock or drop.
3. All the items and parameters in this product specification have been prescribed on the premise that our product is used for the purpose, under the condition and in the environment agreed upon between you and us. You are requested not to use our product deviating from such agreement.
4. Please keep the distance between transformer/coil and other components (refer to the standard IEC 950)
5. The moisture sensitivity level (MSL) of products is classified as level 1.
6. Suggestion
On customer side this product series need to be fixed by the glue after IR reflow.
Please refer to below example photo:



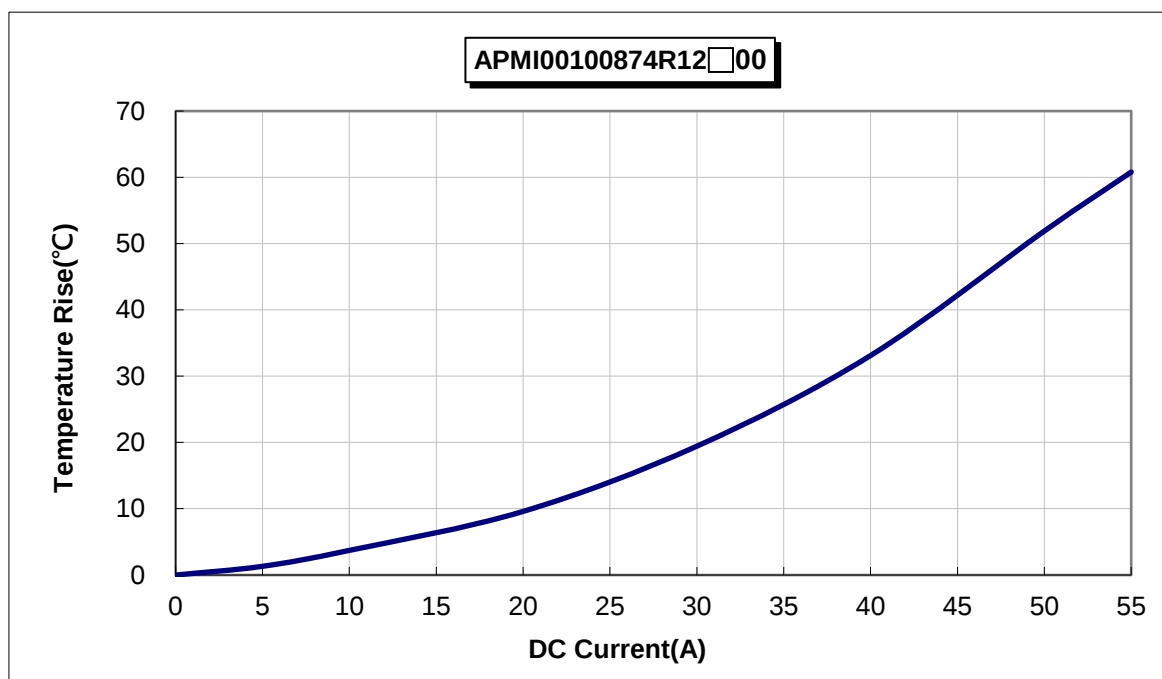
Glue

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INDUCTANCE vs. DC CURRENT@100KHz/1.0V

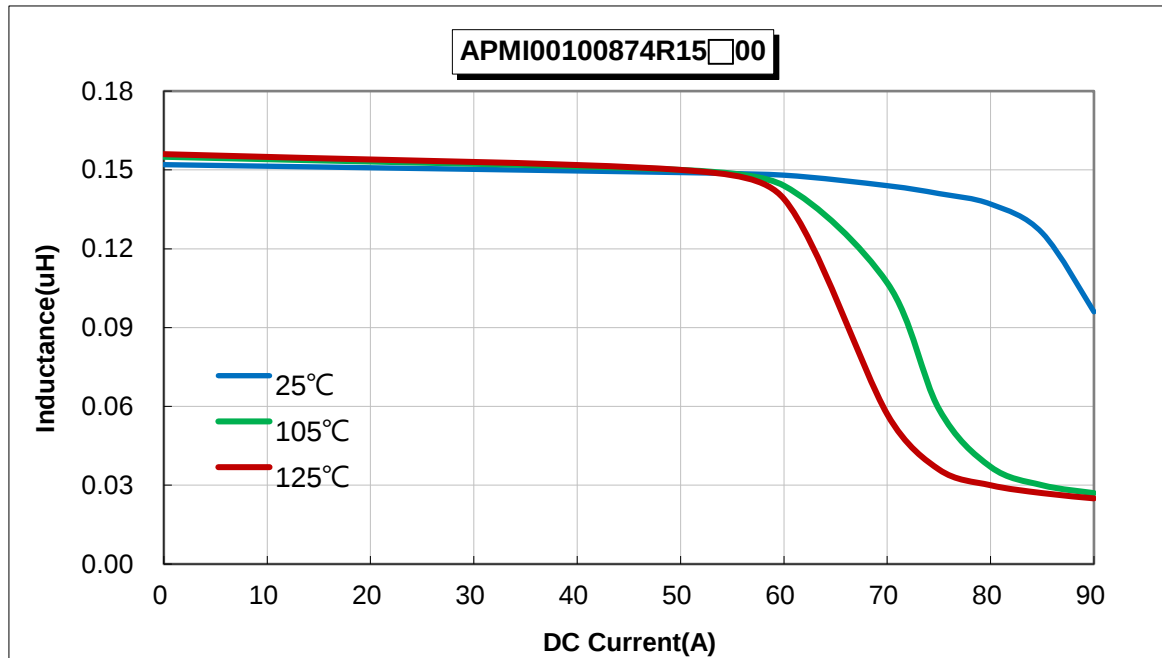


TEMPERATURE vs. DC CURRENT

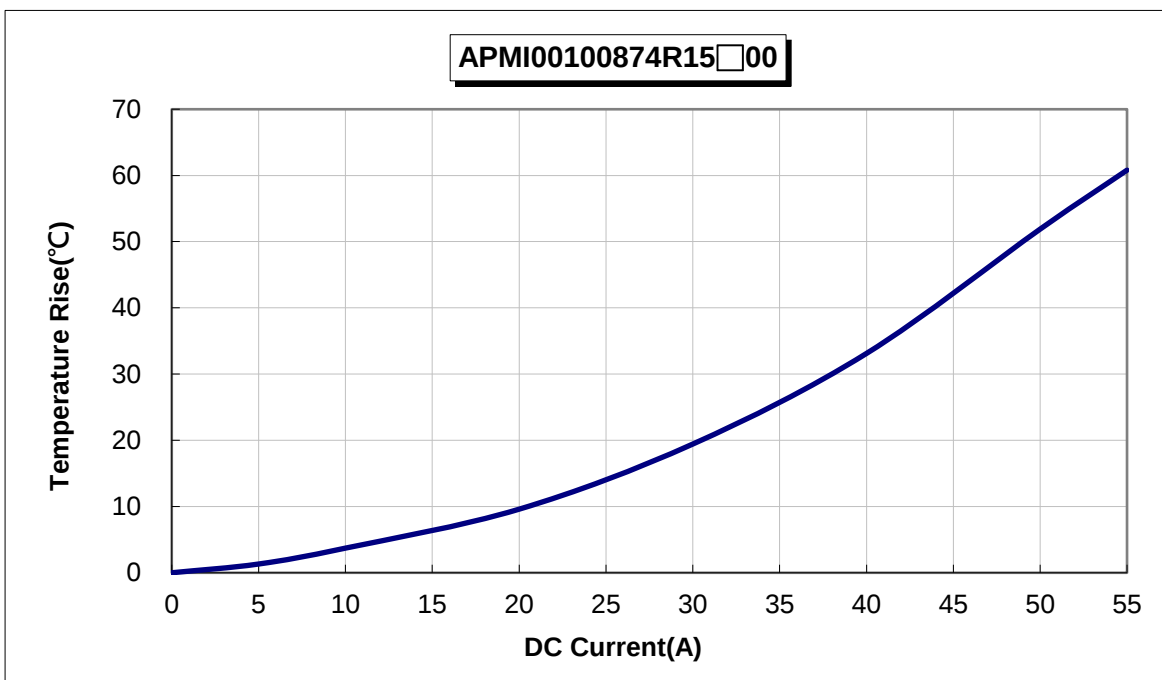


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INDUCTANCE vs. DC CURRENT@100KHz/1.0V

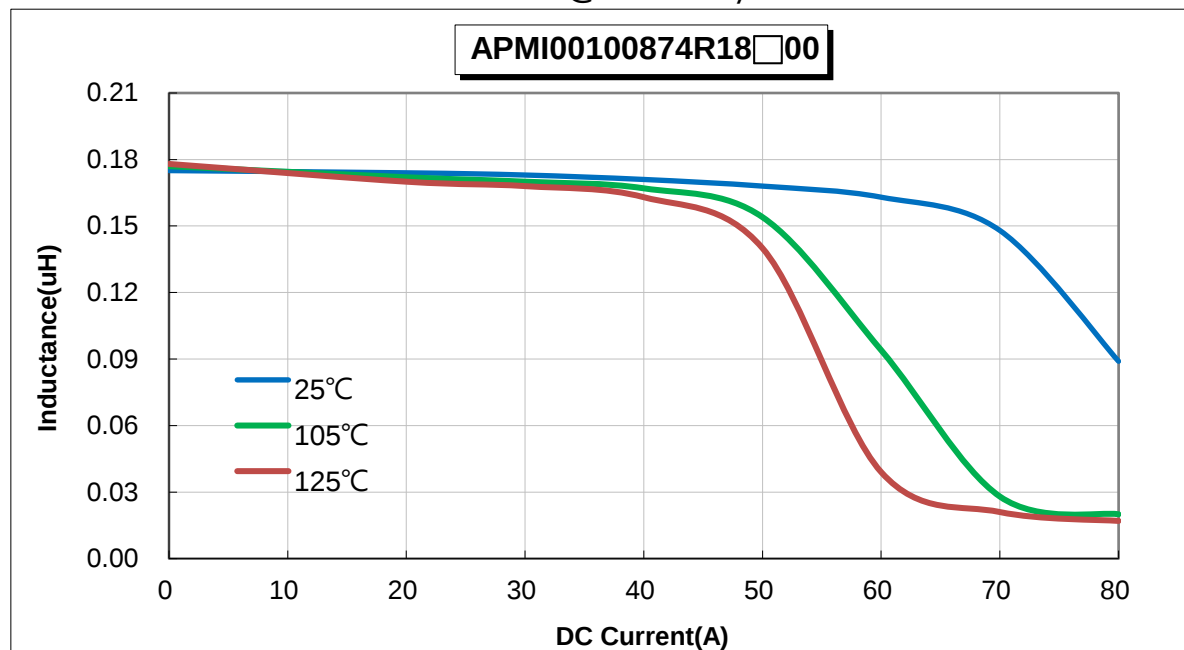


TEMPERATURE vs. DC CURRENT

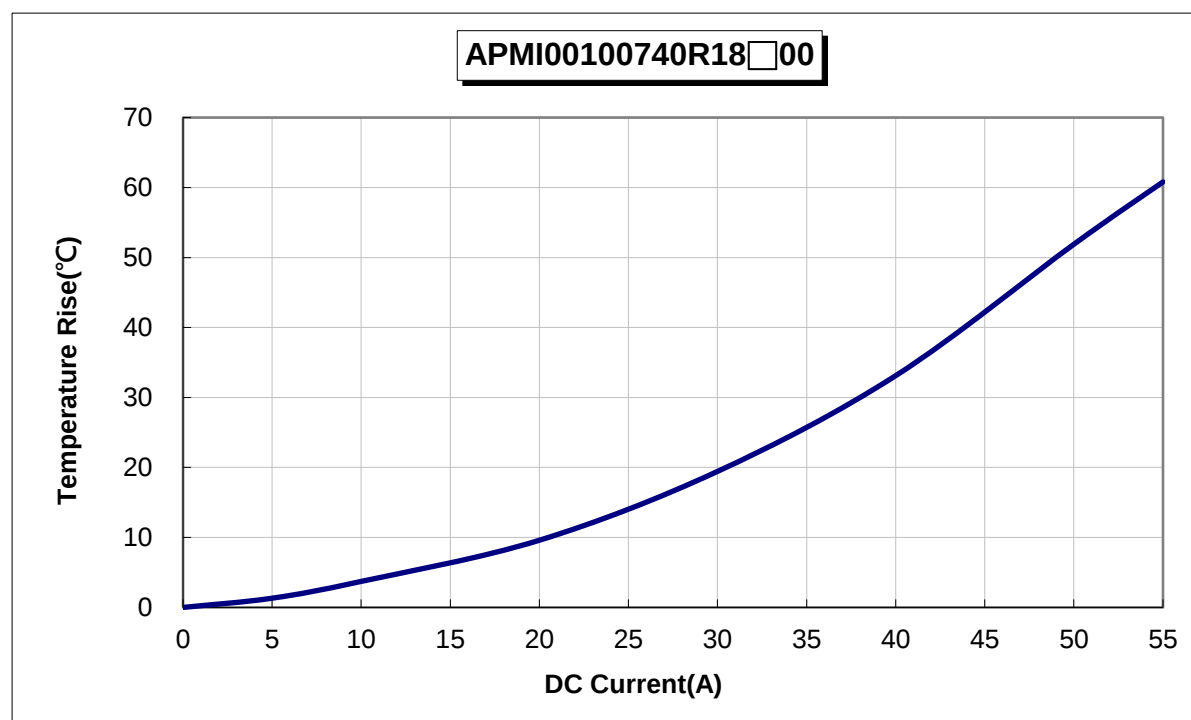


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INDUCTANCE vs. DC CURRENT@100KHz/1V

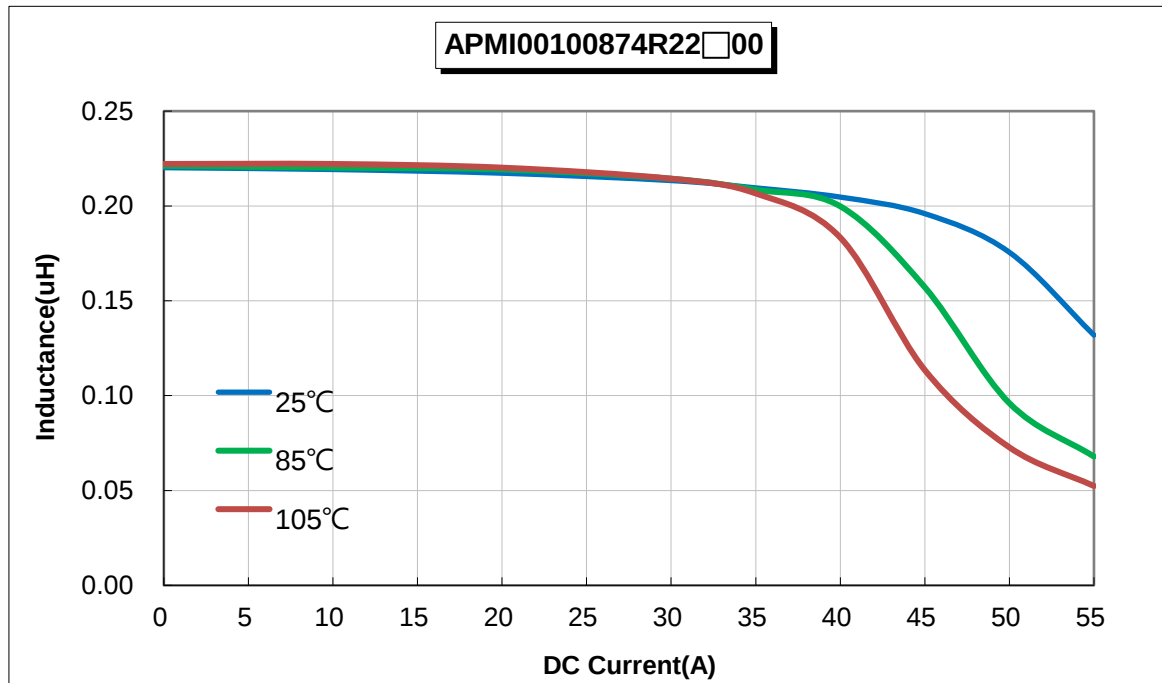


TEMPERATURE vs. DC CURRENT

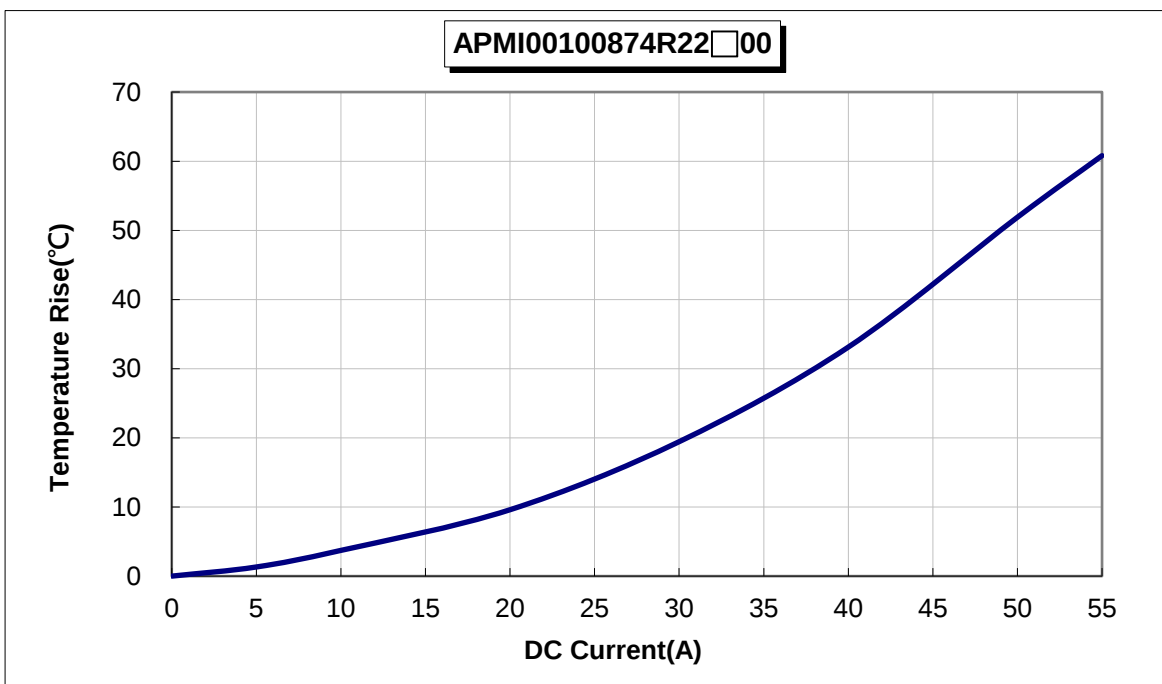


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INDUCTANCE vs. DC CURRENT@100KHz/1.0V

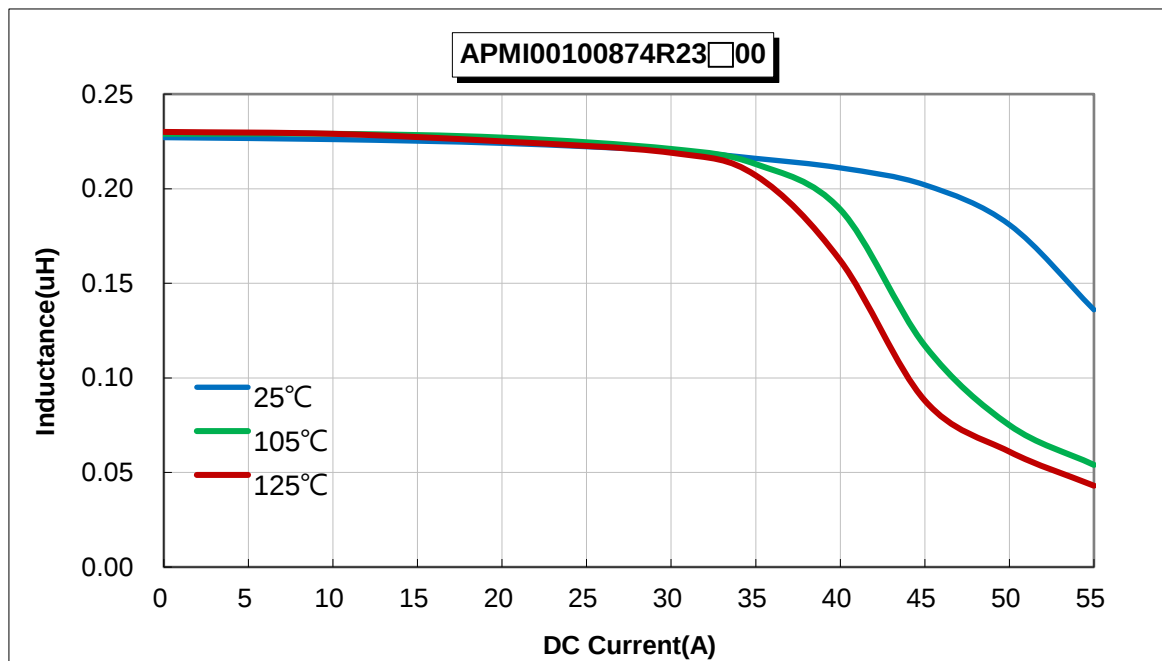


TEMPERATURE vs. DC CURRENT

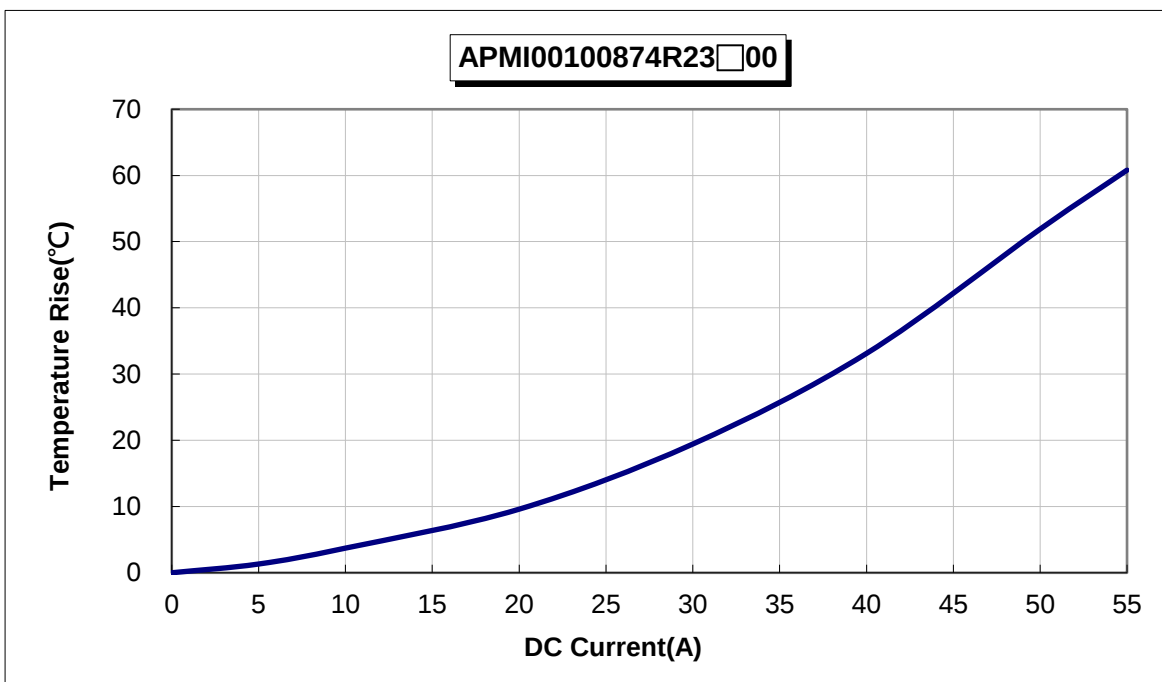


TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INDUCTANCE vs. DC CURRENT@100KHz/1.0V

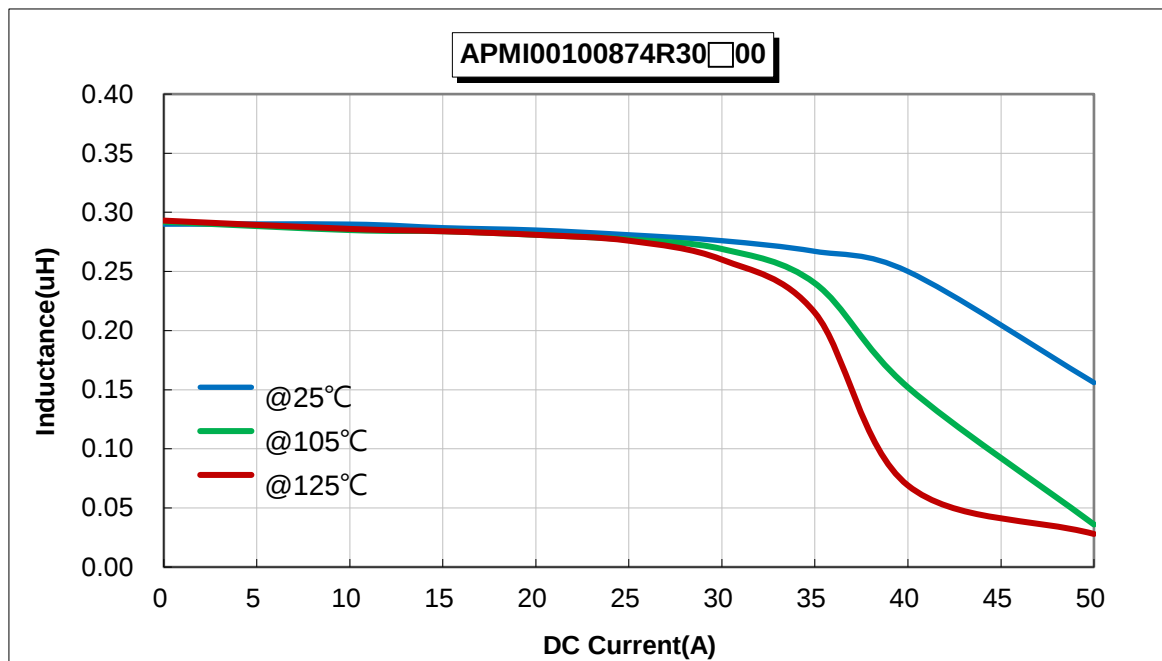


TEMPERATURE vs. DC CURRENT



TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

INDUCTANCE vs. DC CURRENT@100KHz/1.0V



TEMPERATURE vs. DC CURRENT

